

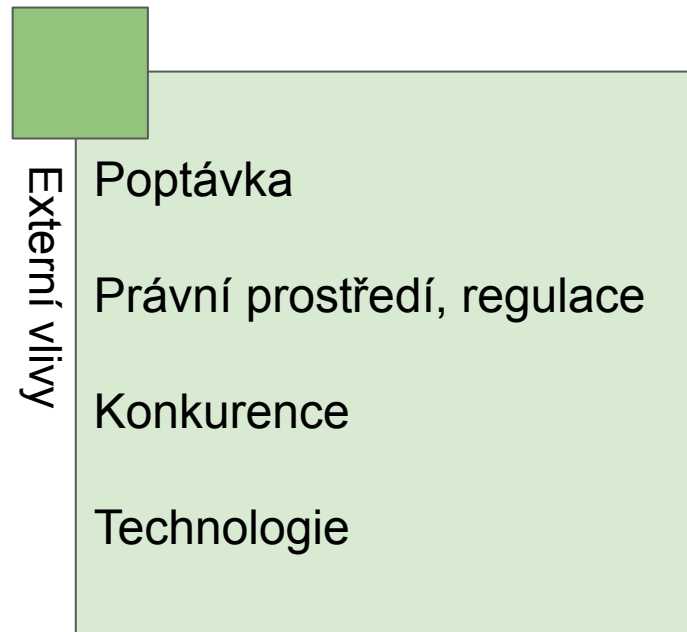
Úskalí migrace na vysokorychlostní optické standards

Štěpán Beneš



TL;DR

Proč danou tématiku řešit ?



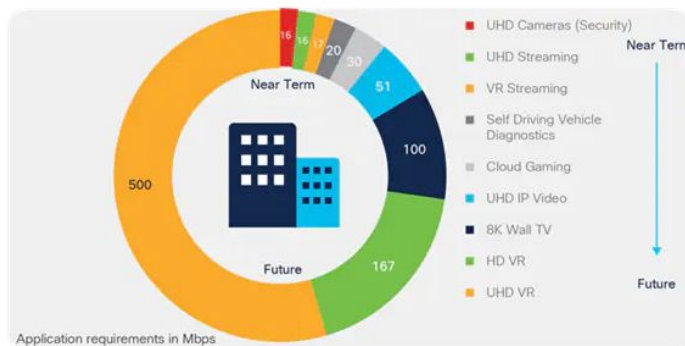
Jakou rychlost budu potřebovat ?

- Globální IP traffic vzrostl od roku 2016 (93 ExaB/měs) do roku 2021 3x (271 ExaB/měs)
- ve špičkách narostl dokonce 5x

- roste náročnost jednotlivých aplikací
 - (u)HD streaming
 - (u)HD VoD (10+ Mbps)
- objevují se nové
 - cloud gaming (30+ Mbps)
 - Immersive VR (350 Mbps)

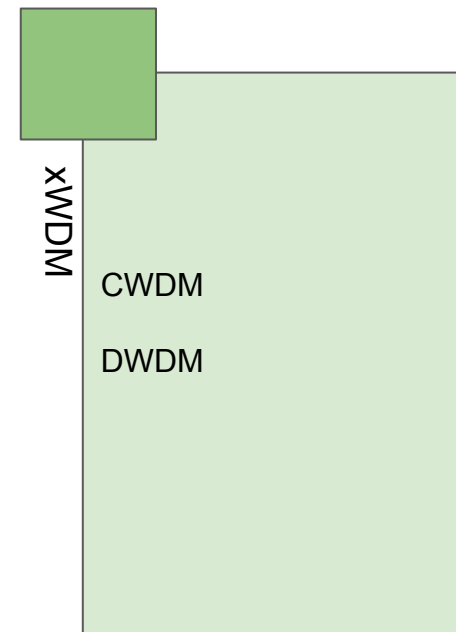
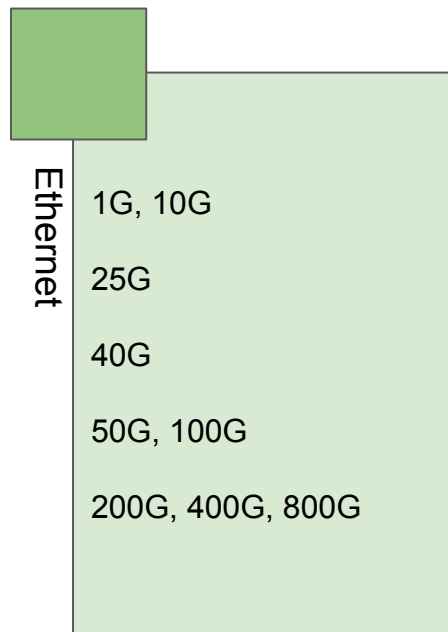
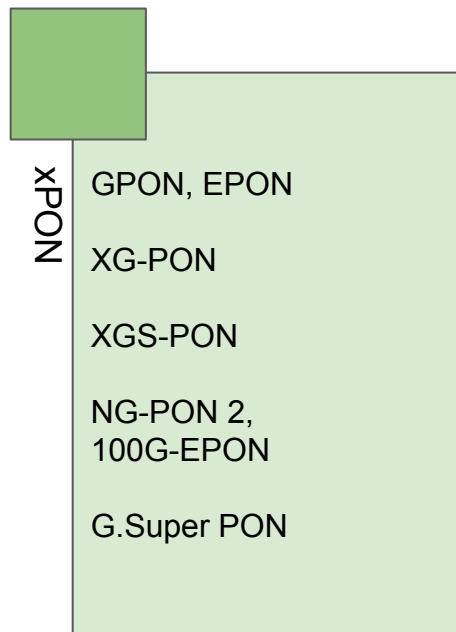
- CoVID
 - změna chování
 - virtuální office

Figure 13. Significant demand for bandwidth and video in the connected home of the future



Source: Cisco Annual Internet Report, 2018-2023

Technologický vývoj

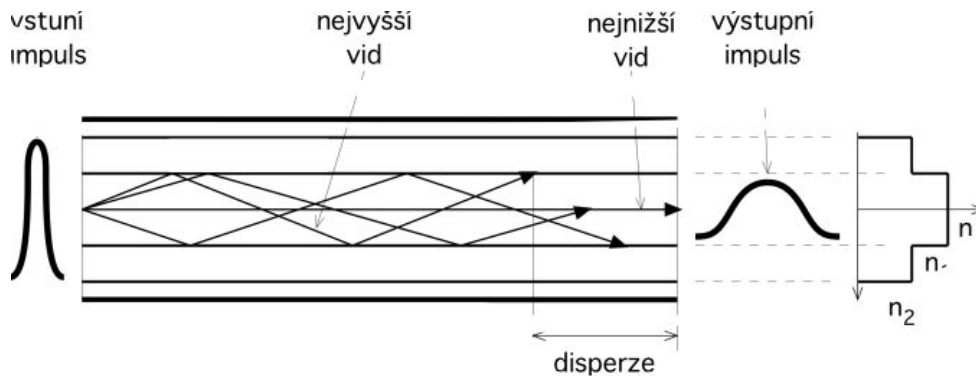


Klíčové parametry optických vláken

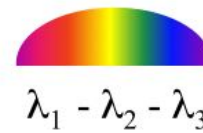
- šířka pásma [MHz . km];
- numerická apertura;
- disperze;
- útlum [dB];
- ztráty na makroskopických neregularitách;
- minimální poloměr ohybu;
- obsah OH;
- MDF

Klíčové parametry optických vláken - disperze

- vidová disperze

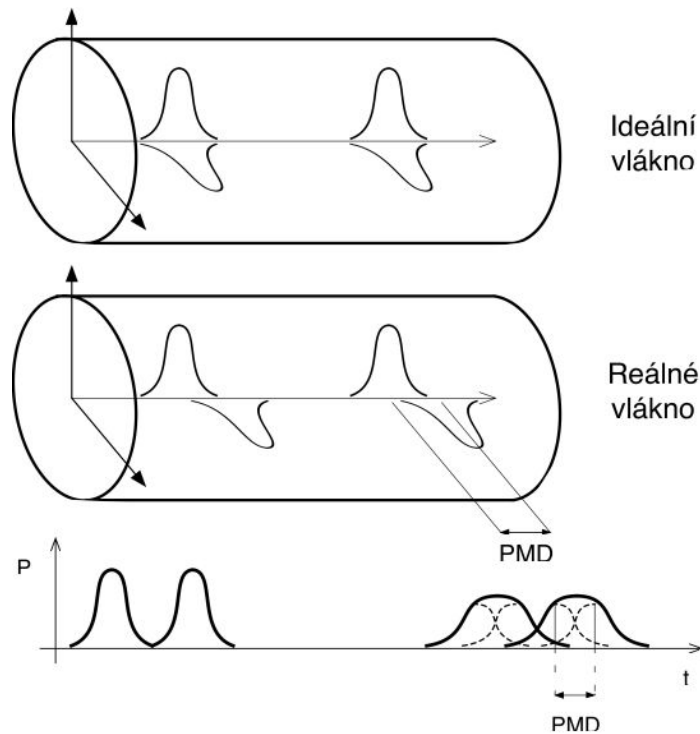


- chromatická disperze
 $v, n = f(\lambda)$



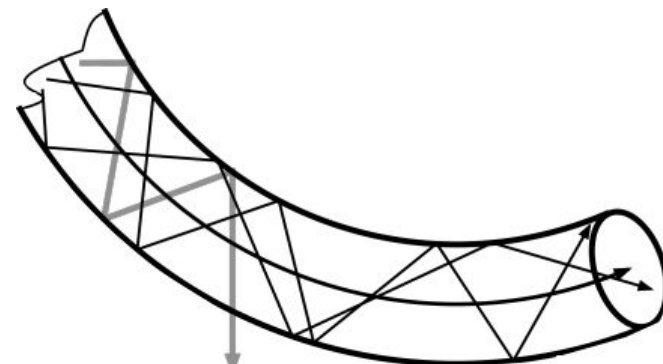
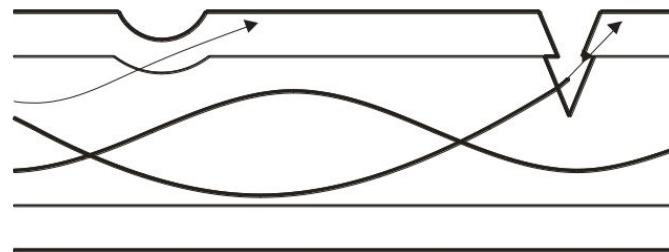
Klíčové parametry optických vláken - disperze

- polarizační vidová disperze PMD



Klíčové parametry optických vláken - útlum

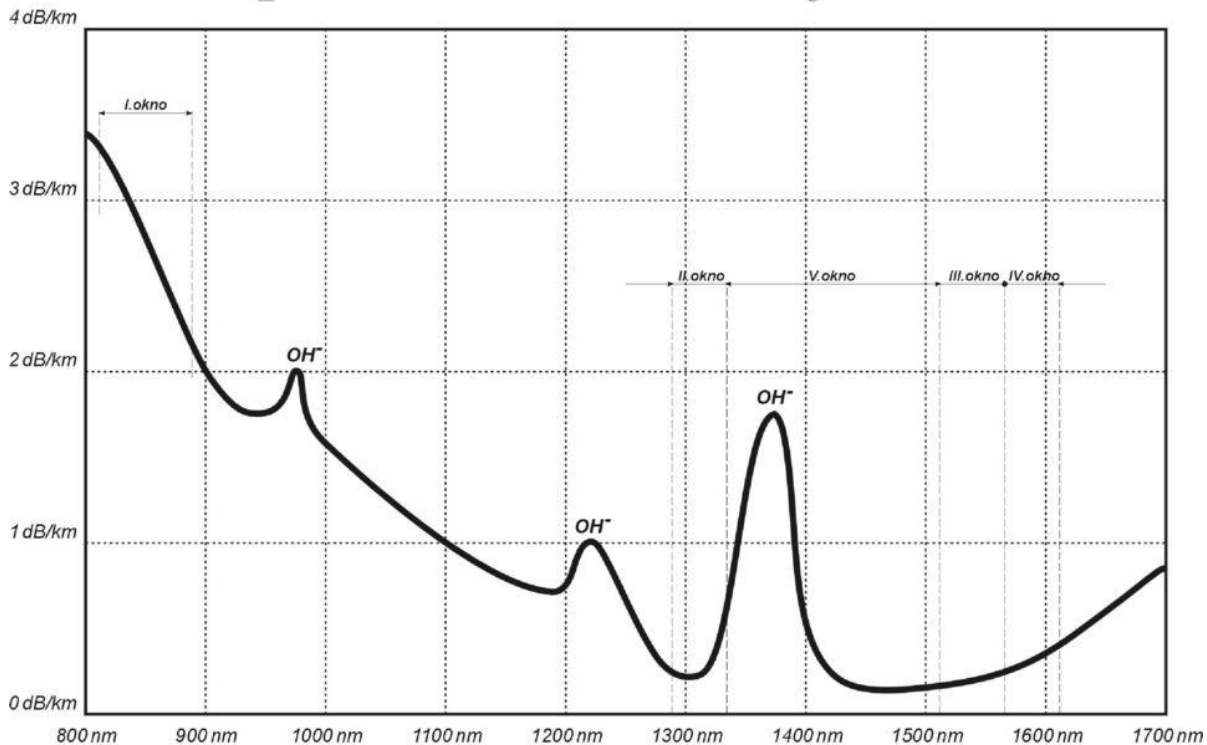
- $u(\lambda) = 10 \cdot \log(P1/P2)$ [dB]
- příčiny
 - útlum absorpcí
 - vlastní
 - nevlastní - ionty kovů, OH-
 - Rayleighův rozptyl
 - rozptyl na makroskopických neregularitách
 - rozptyl na mikroohybech
 - rozptyl na makroohybech a jiných deformacích



Ztracený paprsek

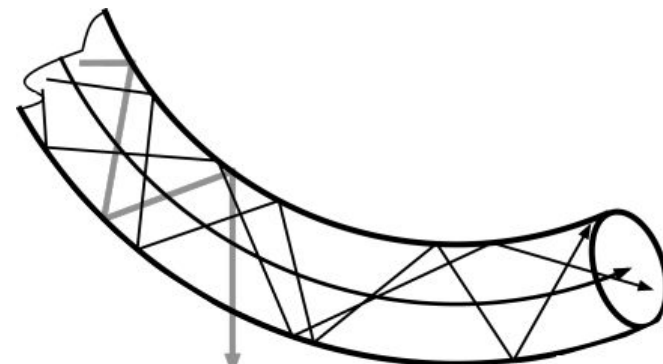
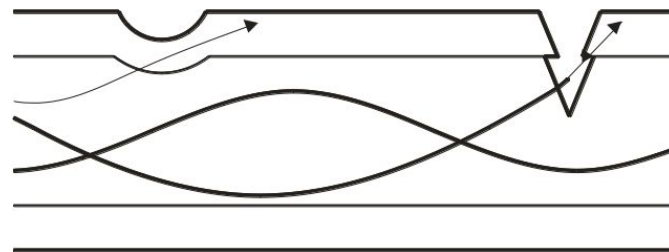
Klíčové parametry optických vláken - útlum

Optické vlákno – měrný útlum



Klíčové parametry optických vláken - útlum

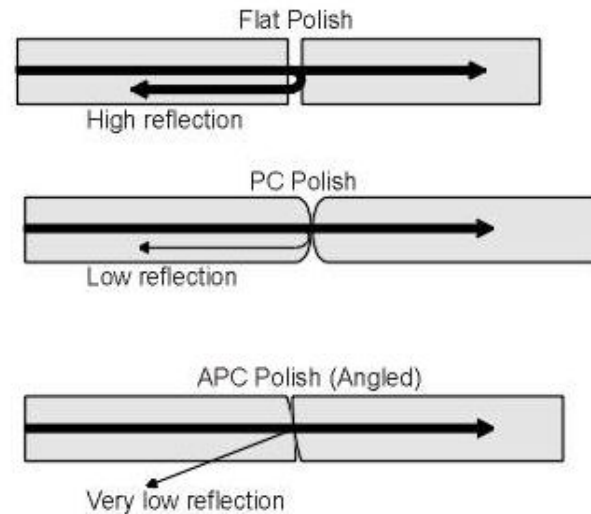
- $u(\lambda) = 10 \cdot \log(P1/P2)$ [dB]
- příčiny
 - útlum absorpcí
 - vlastní
 - nevlastní - iony kovů, OH-
 - Rayleighův rozptyl
 - rozptyl na makroskopických neregularitách
 - rozptyl na mikroohybech
 - rozptyl na makroohybech a jiných deformacích



Ztracený paprsek

Další parametry ODN

- reflektance, odrazivost
- ORL - útlum odraz



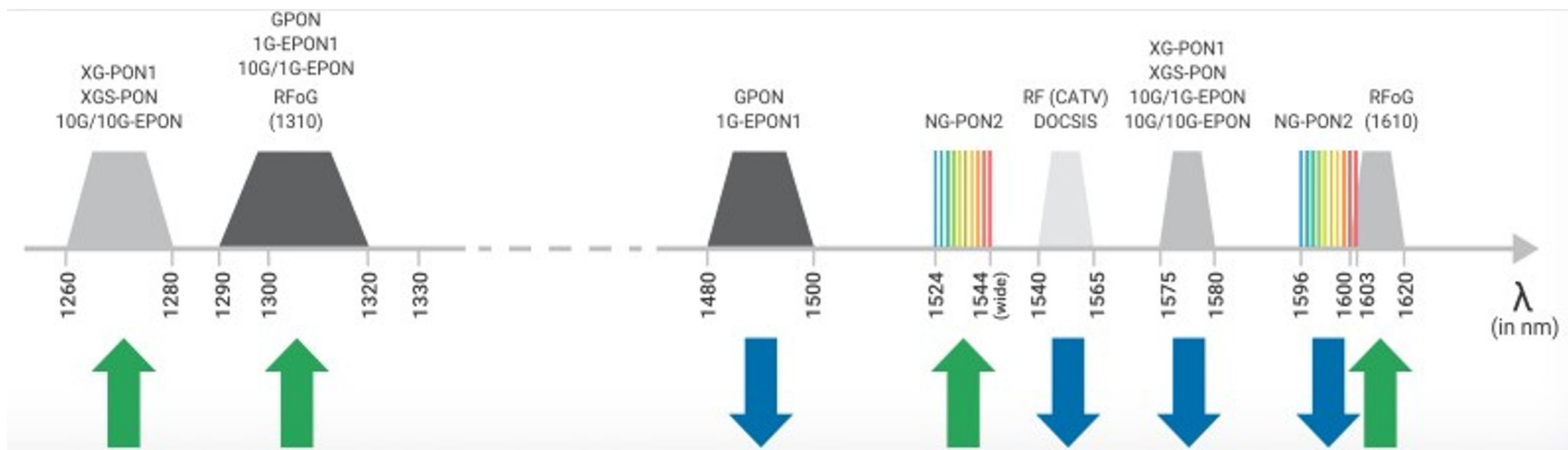
Koexistence xPON

TYP	GPON ITU G.984	XGPON ITU G.987	XGSPON ITU G.9807
Freq	Downstream: 1480 ~ 1500 nm Upstream: 1290 ~ 1330 nm	Downstream: 1575 ~ 1580 nm Upstream: 1260 ~ 1280 nm	Downstream: 1575 ~ 1580 nm Upstream: 1260 ~ 1280 nm
Split ratio	1:64 (1:128)	1:256	1:256
Classes	A : 5-20 dB B : 10-25 dB C : 15-30 dB B+: 13-28 dB C+: 17-32 dB	14 - 29 dB 16 - 31 dB 18 - 33 dB 20 - 35 dB	14 - 29 dB 16 - 31 dB 18 - 33 dB 20 - 35 dB
Max. distance	60km	100km	100km
Mod. speed	Downstream: 2.488 Gbit/s Upstream: 1.244 Gbit/s	Downstream: 9.953 Gbit/s Upstream: 2.488 Gbit/s	Downstream: 9.953 Gbit/s Upstream: 9.953 Gbit/s

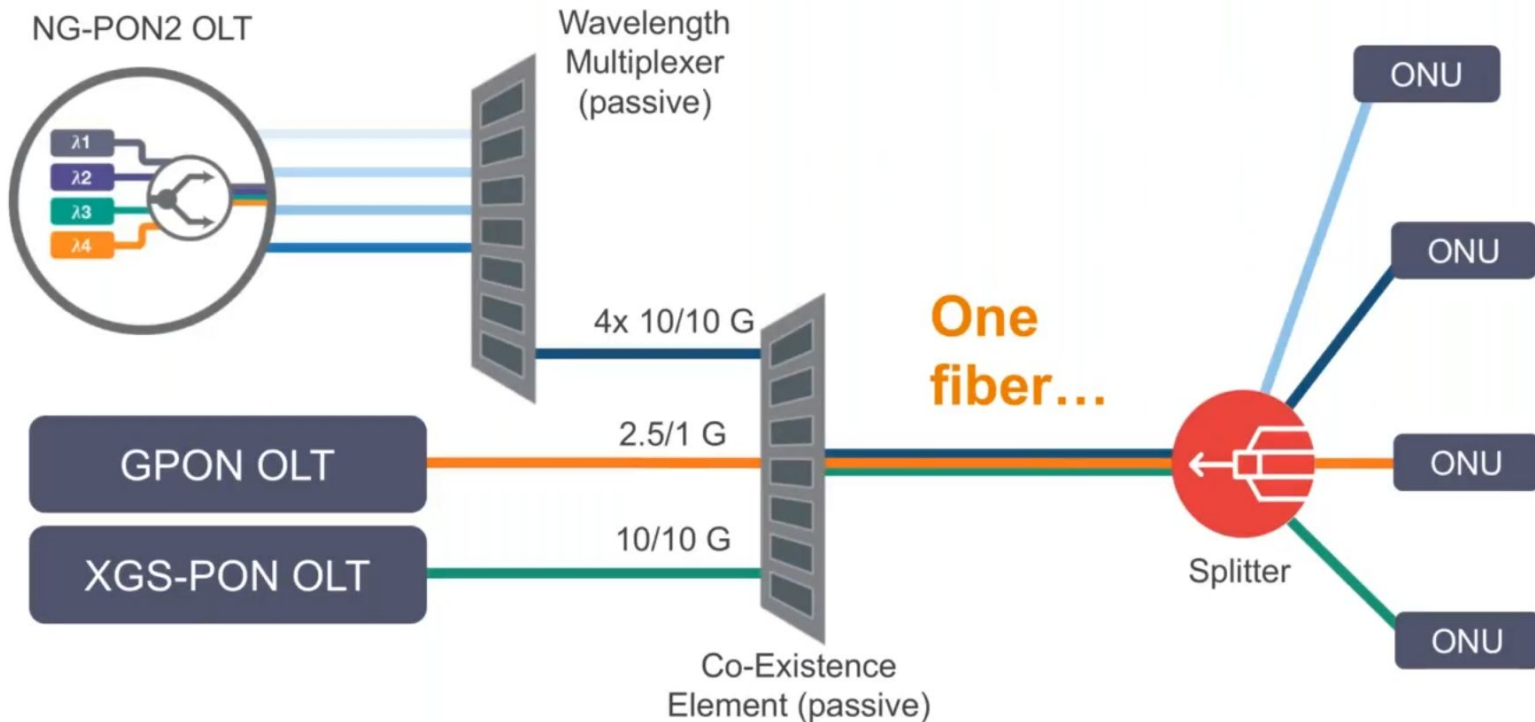
Koexistence xPON

XGS-PON & GPON Transceiver Information	
Type	Class C+
Operating Wavelength	GPON Channel: Tx:1490nm Rx:1310nm XGS-PON Channel: Tx:1577nm Rx:1270nm
Encapsulation Type	SFP+
Port Rate	GPON Channel: Tx: 2.488Gbit/s Rx: 1.244Gbit/s XGS-PON Channel: Tx: 9.953Gbit/s Rx: 9.953/2.488Gbit/s
Minimum Output Optical Power	GPON Channel: 3dBm XGS-PON Channel: 5dBm
Maximum Output Optical Power	GPON Channel: 7dBm XGS-PON Channel: 8dBm
Maximum Receiver Sensitivity	GPON Channel: -32dBm XG-PON Channel: -30.5dBm XGS-PON Channel: -29dBm
Optical Connector Type	SC
Optical Fiber Type	Single-mode
Overload Optical Power	GPON Channel: -12dBm XG-PON Channel: -10dBm XGS-PON Channel: -8dBm
Extinction Ratio	8.2dB

Koexistence xPON



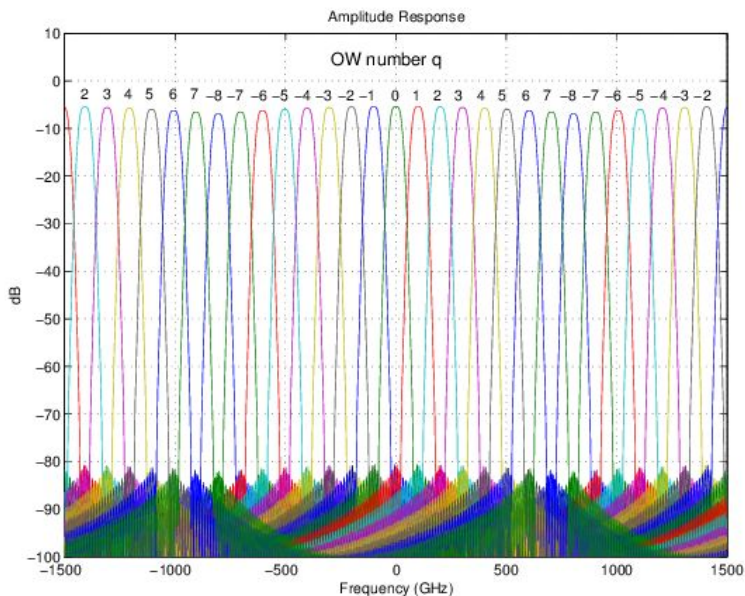
Koexistence xPON



Koexistence xPON



Super PON AWG Splitter - λ router



$$\lambda_c = \frac{n_c \times \Delta L}{m}$$

$$m = a - 1, a, a + 1, a + 2 \dots$$

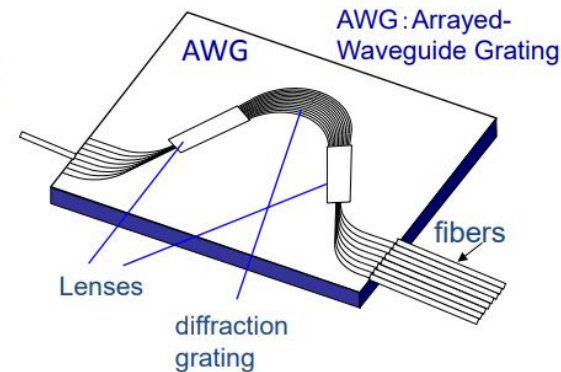
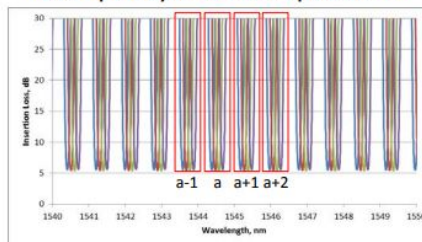
ΔL : Waveguide path length difference

m : Diffraction order

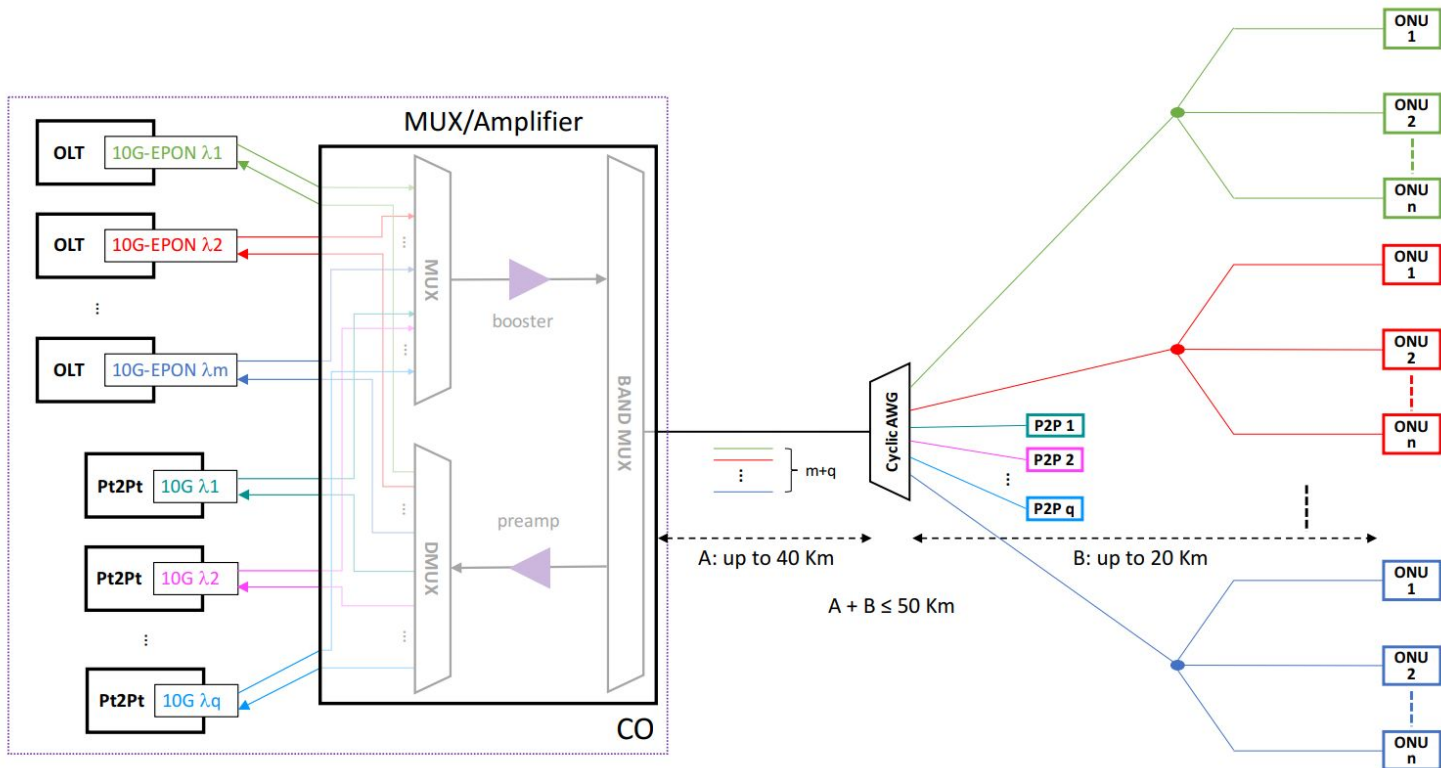
FSR : Free Spectral Range

$$FSR = N \frac{\lambda_c}{m}$$

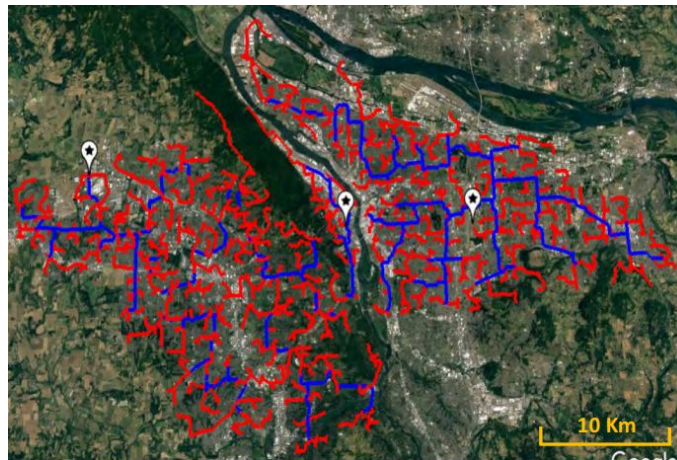
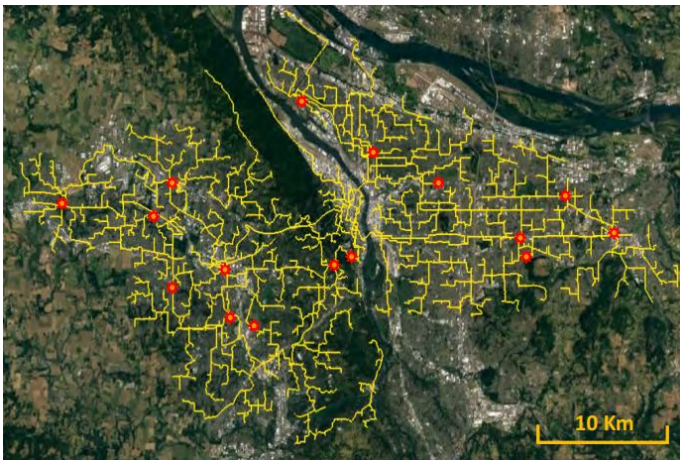
Example Cyclic AWG Spectrum



Super PON



Super PON

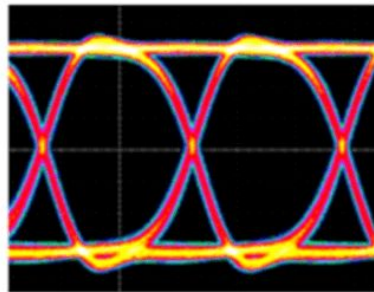
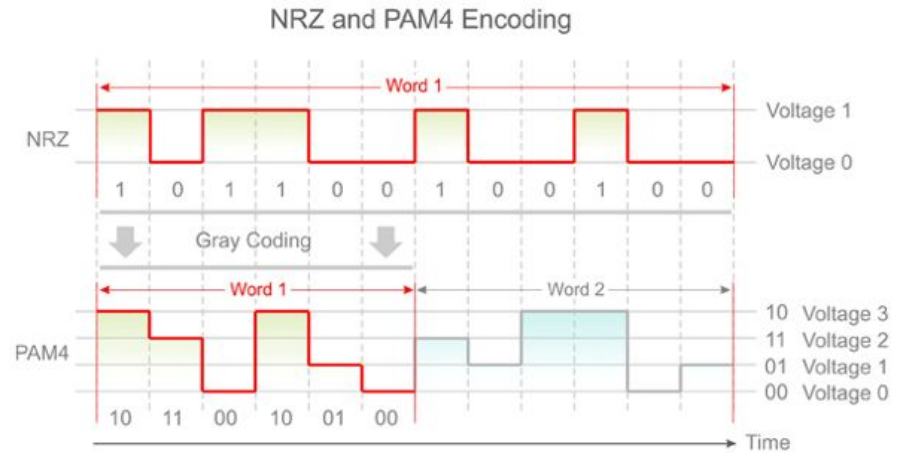


- Významně méně CO
- lepší utilizace backbone vláken

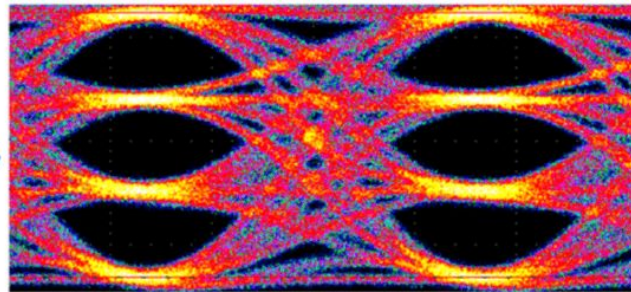
Ethernet - svět chaosu

- Normy - IEEE, proprietální
- Rychlost
 - 1G, 10G, 25G
 - 40G, 50G
 - 100G
 - 200G, 400G, 800G
- Transceiver:
 - GbIC, mGbIC, SFP, SFP+
 - CXP, CFP2, CFP4
 - QSFP+, QSFP28
 - CFP8, QSFP56, QSFP-DD
- Médium
- Vzdálenosti - KR, SR, LR, ER, FR, ...
- další parametry - BiDi, WDM, ...
- kompatibilita HW, interoperabilita

Ethernet - svět chaosu



NRZ



PAM4

Ethernet - svět chaosu

Name	Standard	Status	Media	Connector	Transceiver Module	Reach in m	# Media (±)	# Lambdas (-)	# Lanes (-)	Notes
100 Gigabit Ethernet (100 GbE) (1st Generation: 10GbE-based) - (Data rate: 100 Gbit/s - Line code: 64b/66b × NRZ - Line rate: 10x 10.3125 GBd = 103.125 GBd - Full-Duplex) ^{[101][102][103]}										
100GBASE-CR10 <i>Direct Attach</i>	802.3ba-2010 (CL85)	phase-out	twiaxial balanced	CXP (SFF-8642) CFP2 CFP4 QSFP+	CXP CFP2 CFP4 QSFP+	7	20	N/A	10	Data centres (inter-rack); CXP connector uses center 10 out of 12 channels.
100GBASE-SR10	802.3ba-2010 (CL82/86)	phase-out	Fibre 850 nm	MPO/MTP (MPO-24)	CXP CFP CFP2 CFP4 CPAK	OM3: 100 OM4: 150	20	1	10	
10×10G	<i>proprietary (MSA, Jan 2010)</i>	phase-out	Fibre 1523 nm , 1531 nm 1539 nm , 1547 nm 1555 nm , 1563 nm 1571 nm , 1579 nm 1587 nm , 1595 nm	LC	CFP	OSx: 2k / 10k / 40k	2	10	10	WDM Multi-vendor standard ^[104]

Ethernet - svět chaosu

100 Gigabit Ethernet (100 GbE) (2nd Generation; 25GbE-based) - (Data rate: 100 Gbit/s - Line code: 256b/257b × RS-FEC(528,514) × NRZ - Line rate: 4x 25,78125 GbD = 103.125 GbD - Full-Duplex) [101][102][103][105]												
100GBASE-KR4	802.3bj-2014 (CL93)	current	Cu-Backplane	N/A	N/A		1	8	N/A	4	PCBs: total insertion loss of up to 35 dB at 12.9 GHz	
100GBASE-KP4	802.3bj-2014 (CL94)	current	Cu-Backplane	N/A	N/A		1	8	N/A	4	PCBs: Line code: RS-FEC(544,514) × PAM4 × 92/90 framing and 31320/31280 lane identification Line rate: 4x 13.59375 GbD = 54.375 GbD total insertion loss of up to 33 dB at 7 GHz	
100GBASE-CR4 <i>Direct Attach</i>	802.3bj-2010 (CL92)	current	twinxial balanced	QSFP28 (SFF-8665) CFP2 CFP4	N/A		5	8	N/A	4	Data centres (inter-rack)	
100GBASE-SR4	802.3bm-2015 (CL95)	current	Fibre 850 nm	MPO/MTP (MPO-12)	QSFP28 CFP2 CFP4 CPAK	OM3: 70 OM4: 100		8		1	4	
100GBASE-SR2-BIDI <i>(BiDirectional)</i>	proprietary (non IEEE)	current	Fibre 850 nm 900 nm	LC	QSFP28	OM3: 70 OM4: 100	2		2	2	WDM Line rate: 2x (2x 26.5625 GbD with PAM4) duplex fiber with both being used to transmit and receive; The major selling point of this variant is its ability to run over existing 25G multi-mode fiber (i.e. allowing easy migration from 25G to 100G).	
100GBASE-SWDM4	proprietary (MSA, Nov 2017)	current	Fibre 844 – 858 nm 874 – 888 nm 904 – 918 nm 934 – 948 nm	LC	QSFP28	OM3: 75 OM4: 100 OM5: 150	2		2	4	4	SWDM ^[108]
100GBASE-LR4	802.3ba-2010 (CL88)	current	Fibre 1295.50 nm 1300.05 nm 1304.50 nm 1309.14 nm	LC	QSFP28 CFP CFP2 CFP4 CPAK	OSx: 10k	2		2	4	4	WDM Line code: 64b/66b × NRZ
100GBASE-ER4	802.3ba-2010 (CL88)	current			QSFP28 CFP CFP2	OSx: 40k	2		2	4	4	WDM Line code: 64b/66b × NRZ
100GBASE-PSM4	proprietary (MSA, Jan 2014)	current	Fibre 1310 nm	MPO/MTP (MPO-12)	QSFP28 CFP4	OSx: 500	8		1	4	4	Data centres; Line code: 64b/66b × NRZ or 256b/257b × RS-FEC(528,514) × NRZ Multi-vendor standard ^[107]
100GBASE-CWDM4	proprietary (MSA, Mar 2014)	current	Fibre 1264.5 – 1277.5 nm 1284.5 – 1297.5 nm 1304.5 – 1317.5 nm		QSFP28 CFP2 CFP4	OSx: 2k	2		2	4	4	Data centres; WDM Multi-vendor standard ^{[108][109]}
100GBASE-4WDM-10	proprietary (MSA, Oct 2018)	current	1324.5 – 1337.5 nm			OSx: 10k						WDM Multi-vendor standard ^[110]
100GBASE-4WDM-20	proprietary (MSA, Jul 2017)	current	Fibre 1294.53 – 1296.50 nm 1299.02 – 1301.09 nm	LC	QSFP28 CFP4	OSx: 20k	2		2	4	4	WDM Multi-vendor standard ^[111]
100GBASE-4WDM-40	proprietary (non IEEE) (MSA, Jul 2017)	current	1303.54 – 1305.63 nm 1308.09 – 1310.19 nm			OSx: 40k						WDM Multi-vendor standard ^[111]
100GBASE-CLR4	proprietary (MSA, Apr 2014)	current	Fibre 1264.5 – 1277.5 nm 1284.5 – 1297.5 nm 1304.5 – 1317.5 nm 1324.5 – 1337.5 nm		QSFP28	OSx: 2k	2		2	4	4	Data centres; WDM Line code: 64b/66b × NRZ or 256b/257b × RS-FEC(528,514) × NRZ Interoperable with 100GBASE-CWDM4 when using RS-FEC; Multi-vendor standard ^{[108][112]}
100GBASE-CWDM4	proprietary (OCP MSA, Mar 2014)	current	Fibre 1504 – 1566 nm	LC	QSFP28	OSx: 2k	2		2	4	4	Data centres; WDM Line code: 64b/66b × NRZ or 256b/257b × RS-FEC(528,514) × NRZ Derived from 100GBASE-CWDM4 to allow cheaper transceivers; Multi-vendor standard ^[113]

Ethernet - svět chaosu

100 Gigabit Ethernet (100 GbE) (3rd Generation: 50GbE-based) - (Data rate: 100 Gbit/s - Line code: 256b/257b × RS-FEC(544,514) × PAM4 - Line rate: 2x 26.5625 GBd x2 = 106.25 GBd - Full-Duplex) ^{[102][103]}

100GBASE-KR2	802.3cd-2018 (CL137)	current	Cu-Backplane	N/A	N/A	1	4	N/A	2	PCBs
100GBASE-CR2	802.3cd-2018 (CL136)	current	twinaxial balanced	QSFP28, microQSFP, QSFP-DD, OSFP (SFF-8665)	N/A	3	4	N/A	2	Data centres (in-rack)
100GBASE-SR2	802.3cd-2018 (CL138)	current	Fibre 850 nm	MPO 4 fibres	QSFP28	OM3: 70 OM4: 100	4	1	2	

Ethernet - svět chaosu

100 Gigabit Ethernet (100 GbE) (4th Generation: 100GbE-based) - (Data rate: 100 Gbit/s - Line code: 256b/257b × RS-FEC(544,514) × PAM4 - Line rate: 1x 53.1250 GBd x2 = 106.25 GBd - Full-Duplex)

100GBASE-KR1	802.3ck (CL163)	development	Cu-Backplane	N/A	N/A		2	N/A	1	total insertion loss ≤ 28 dB at 26.56 GHz.
100GBASE-CR1	802.3ck (CL162)	development	twinaxial balanced	SFP112, SFP-DD112, DSFP, QSFP112, QSFP-DD800, OSFP	N/A		2	2	N/A	1
100GBASE-VR1	802.3db (CL167)	development	Fibre 842 – 948 nm	LC	QSFP28	OM3: 30 OM4: 50	2	1	1	
100GBASE-SR1	802.3db (CL167)	development	Fibre 844 – 863 nm	LC	QSFP28	OM3: 60 OM4: 100	2	1	1	
100GBASE-DR	802.3cd-2018 (CL140)	current	Fibre 1311 nm	LC	QSFP28	OSx: 500	2	1	1	
100GBASE-FR1	802.3cu-2021 (CL140)	current	Fibre 1311 nm	LC	QSFP28	OSx: 2k	2	1	1	Multi-vendor standard ^[114]
100GBASE-LR1	802.3cu-2021 (CL140)	current	Fibre 1311 nm	LC	QSFP28	OSx: 10k	2	1	1	Multi-vendor standard ^[114]
100GBASE-LR1-20	proprietary (MSA, Nov 2020)	current	Fibre 1311 nm	LC	QSFP28	OSx: 20k	2	1	1	Multi-vendor standard ^[115]
100GBASE-ER1-30	proprietary (MSA, Nov 2020)	current	Fibre 1311 nm	LC	QSFP28	OSx: 30k	2	1	1	Multi-vendor standard ^[115]
100GBASE-ER1-40	proprietary (MSA, Nov 2020)	current	Fibre 1311 nm	LC	QSFP28	OSx: 40k	2	1	1	Multi-vendor standard ^[115]
100GBASE-ZR	802.3ct-2021 (CL153/154)	current	Fibre 1546.119 nm	LC	CFP	OS2: 80k+	2	1	1	Line code: DP-DQPSK × SC-FEC Line rate: 27.9525 GBd Reduced bandwidth and line rate for ultra long distances. ^[116]

IPv6

Native: 0.07% 6to4/Teredo: 0.12% Total IPv6: 0.19% | Dec 9, 2008

